FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Chabot-Las Positas Community College District Dublin, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the fiduciary activities of Chabot-Las Positas Community College District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the fiduciary activities of the Chabot-Las Positas Community College District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. As a result of this implementation, there was no impact to the beginning business-type activities net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 14 and the Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 54 to 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditure of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, except for that portion marked "unaudited," was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, that information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The information marked "unaudited" has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 5, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The purpose of this annual report is to provide readers with information about the activities, programs, and financial condition of the Chabot-Las Positas Community College District (the District) as of June 30, 2022. The report consists of three basic financial statements that provides information about the District as a whole:

- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position
- Statement of Cash Flows

This section of the annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. Responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of this information rests with the District management.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to the bottom line results of the District. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position focuses on the costs of the District's operational activities, which are supported primarily by local property taxes and state apportionment revenues. The Statement of Cash Flows provides an analysis of the sources and uses of cash within the operations of the District.

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office has recommended that all California community colleges follow the Business Type Activity (BTA) model for financial statement reporting purposes. This model prescribes that the districts need only issue consolidated statements. This reporting model does not require fund financial statements to be included with the District's annual financial report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following discussion and analysis provide an overview of the District's financial activities.

Financial and Enrollment Highlights

The District's net position increased \$71.3 million from the previous year. This increase was attributed to a decrease in Operating expenditures by \$65.6 million. Salaries increased by \$901 thousand attributed to negotiated contract increases and additional staff. Employee benefits decreased by \$36.44 million due to reclassification of medical benefits. Supplies, materials and other operating expenses decreased by \$40.3 million. Capital Revenues increased \$34.8 million while operating revenue decreased by \$48.8 million. Non-operating revenue increased by \$21.6 million.

The voters within the boundaries of the Chabot-Las Positas Community College District approved Measure B on March 4, 2004. This voter approval gave the District the authority to issue up to \$498 million in General Obligation Bonds. As of June 30, 2022, all Measure B funds have been expensed in full.

On June 7, 2016, the voters approved Measure A with a 65% approval rate, well above the required 55%. This will allow the District the authority to issue up to \$950 million in General Obligation Bonds. The first issuance of \$160 million was issued in October 2017. The second issuance of \$200 million was issued in August 2021.

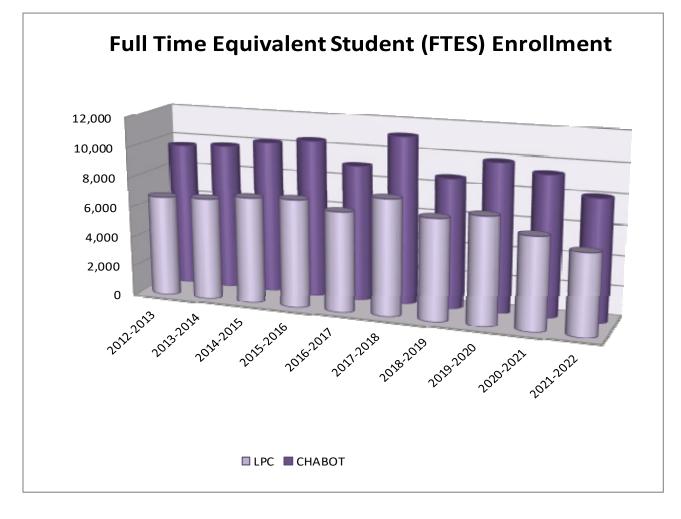
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

- The District's Budget was designed to fund faculty, staff, direct program expenditures and support services to serve 16,489 full-time equivalent students for General Apportionment purposes for the 2021-22 year.
- The District received an increase of \$9.6 million for new and ongoing Federal grants and contracts mainly attributable to federal aid for students and the college known as the CARES Act. State grants and contracts decreased by \$45.9 million mainly due to the non-renewal of the contract between EDCE and the CCCCO as of 6/30/21.
- Cost-of-living adjustment: The State budget included a cost-of-living (COLA) adjustment of 5.07% for apportionments.
- Enrollment Fee: In 2021-22, enrollment fees remained at \$46 per unit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

CLPCCD Full Time Equivalent Student (FTES) Enrollment

YEAR	CHABOT	% Growth	LPC	% Growth	TOTAL	% Growth
2012-2013	9,552	(2.1)	6,651	3.2	16,203	0.0
2013-2014	9,698	1.5	6,758	1.6	16,456	1.6
2014-2015	10,132	4.5	7,065	4.5	17,197	4.5
2015-2016	10,455	3.2	7,185	1.7	17,640	2.6
2016-2017	9,023	(13.7)	6,602	(8.1)	15,625	(11.4)
2017-2018	11,111	23.1	7,728	17.1	18,839	20.6
2018-2019	8,640	(22.2)	6,708	(13.2)	15,348	(18.5)
2019-2020	9,883	14.4	7,104	5.9	16,987	10.7
2020-2021	9,324	(5.7)	6,176	(13.1)	15,500	(8.8)
2021-2022	8,056	(13.6)	5,407	(12.5)	13,463	(13.1)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector institutions. Net position, the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the financial health of the District. Total net position of the District increased \$71.3 million from the previous year.

		2022		2021
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,188,011	\$	15,667,438
Receivables, net		22,653,919		52,361,830
Lease receivable		809,775		-
Due from other funds		28,446		26,209
Prepaid expenses		295,302		2,400,003
Total current assets		55,975,453		70,455,480
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		298,868,685		171,939,211
Lease receivable - noncurrent portion		1,419,164		-
Depreciable capital assets		437,755,344		440,465,422
Non-depreciable capital assets		172,870,473		84,235,797
Total noncurrent assets		910,913,666		696,640,430
Total assets	\$	966,889,119	\$	767,095,910
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - pensions		28,449,247		37,491,678
Deferred outflows - refinancing		21,325,497		18,835,037
Deferred outflows - OPEB		944,765		12,712,905
Total deferred outflows		50,719,509		69,039,620
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,017,608,628	\$	836,135,530
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	30,531,348	\$	19,671,769
Due to other funds		-		7,182
Interest payable		10,440,183		10,535,612
Unearned revenue		25,072,401		80,509,535
Compensated absences payable		2,926,275		3,203,275
Long-term liabilities - current portion		54,515,721		14,733,536
Total current liabilities		123,485,928		128,660,909
Noncurrent liabilities		1 022 454 927		040 009 447
Long-term liabilities - noncurrent portion	<u> </u>	1,033,454,837		940,908,447
Total liabilities	\$	1,156,940,765	\$	1,069,569,356
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources - leases		2,228,939		-
Deferred inflows - pensions		61,530,000		5,172,000
Deferred inflows - OPEB		32,510,942		68,294,760
NET POSITION		96,269,881		73,466,760
		(27 001 227)		(21 525 200)
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		(37,881,237) 103,067,102		(21,525,390) 27,388,592
Unrestricted		(300,787,883)		(312,763,788)
Total net position	\$	(235,602,018)	\$	(306,900,586)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	1,017,608,628	\$	836,135,530
	<u> </u>	1,017,000,020	7	000,200,000

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

The primary components of cash and short-term investments are District funds on deposit with the County Treasury and local banks.

Receivables primarily represent funding owed to the District by Federal, State and local governments, as well as other sources such as tuition and fees. Receivables consist of \$7.8 million due for federal grants, \$2.6 million for state grants, and \$0.1 million for local grants and contracts. Additional receivables include \$6.8 million due for student receivables, \$1.0 million for state lottery and \$4.3 million for other local revenues.

Prepaid items primarily relate to multi-year hardware/software agreements and licenses.

Restricted cash and investments of \$298.9 million include amounts restricted for repayment of debt, for use in acquisition or construction of capital assets, for restricted programs, for any other restricted purpose, or in any funds restricted in purpose per the Budget and Accounting Manual. The balance of the cash includes cash deposits of other major funds held in the County Treasury and other banking and financial institutions.

Net capital assets represent the District's original investment in land, site improvements, buildings and equipment, less accumulated depreciation.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities represent year-end accruals for services and goods received by the District during fiscal year 2021-22, for which payment would not be made until fiscal year 2022-23. At June 30, 2022, the Measure A Bond Construction fund owed contractors and vendors \$11.2 million, and the General Fund owed contractors, vendors and employees \$11.5 million. Restricted funds owed \$1.9 million to contractors and vendors. Enterprise Funds owed \$4.3 million to contractors and vendors. The remaining liabilities were owed by Child Care and Student Financial Aid funds.

Unearned revenues represent prepayments received by the District, for which the amounts have yet to be earned. For fiscal year 2021-22, unearned revenues were \$25.1 million. Of this amount, \$15 million represents student tuition and other student fees received during 2021-22 for the 2022-23 summer and fall terms. The other \$10.1 million represents funding for grants and contracts, the terms and conditions of which extend beyond the 2021-22 fiscal year.

The District's long-term liabilities primarily consist of general obligation bond debt and other post-employment benefit obligations.

Net position is divided into three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets is the difference between the amount shown for capital assets and the outstanding debt incurred to finance those capital assets. At June 30, 2022 capital assets were \$610.7 million. These assets are offset by debt incurred to finance those capital assets and cash restricted for the acquisition of those capital assets. The related debt is the amount owed for the general obligation bonds.

Restricted net position represents resources that are constrained to a particular purpose. The major components of restricted net position are those restricted for debt service on the general obligation bonds, capital outlay, and grants and contracts for specific projects.

Unrestricted net position is essentially all resources not included in the first two components listed above.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position represents the financial results of the District's operations, as well as its "non-operating activities." The distinction between these two activities involves the concepts of "exchange" and "non-exchange." An operating activity is one in which a direct payment/exchange is made (by one party to another) for the receipt of specified goods or services, i.e., the payer is the one receiving benefit. As an example, tuition fees paid by a student are considered an "exchange" for instructional services. Likewise, grant and contract funding received (on the condition that the District provides specific contracted services) is also an "exchange." Both are therefore recorded as operating revenue. The receipt of Pell grants, state apportionments and property taxes, however, do not include this "exchange" relationship between payment and the receipt of benefit. Such revenues are deemed "non-exchange" transactions, and are therefore treated as "non-operating" activities.

Because the primary sources of funding that support the District's instructional activities come from state apportionment and local property taxes, the financial results of the District's "operations" will result in a net operating loss.

The primary components of tuition and fees are the \$46 per unit enrollment fee that is charged to all students registering for classes, and the additional \$282 per unit fee that is charged to all non-resident students. The discrepancy between these fees is due to the fact that resident student instruction is largely subsidized by local property taxes and state apportionment. Non-resident students must pay for the full cost of instruction. Respectively, these two revenue streams account for \$8.1 million and \$1.8 million. Another \$273 thousand was collected for parking permits. The remainder is collected from an assortment of other student fees.

The largest component of the District's operating revenues is non-capital grants and contracts. Of these, the largest sub-components are from funding received from the Federal grants (\$6.0 million) to include funding for CARES programs in response to the pandemic, vocational training and higher education programs and State grants (\$39.2 million) for categorical programs, such as EDCE (\$2.5 million), Financial Aid (\$2.5 million), Restricted funds (\$22.9 million), Scheduled Maintenance programs (\$4.3 million) and other General fund grant (\$7.0 million). Included in local grants and contracts (\$11.3 million) are all of the contracted education services, as well as all other miscellaneous service revenue received by the District.

The principal components of the District's non-operating revenue are: non-capital state apportionment, Federal Pell Grants, local property taxes, other state funding, and interest income. All of this revenue supports the District's instructional activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

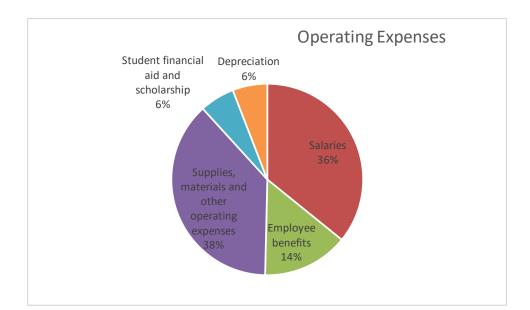
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position (Continued)

		2022		2021
Operating revenues Tuition and fees	\$	19,886,510	\$	21,846,500
Less scholarship discounts and allowances	Ŷ	(6,583,106)	Ļ	(7,806,998)
Net tuition and fees		13,303,404		14,039,502
Grants and contracts, non-capital		-,, -		, ,
Federal		6,004,393		7,441,007
State		39,214,193		85,131,986
Local		11,326,477		12,037,510
Total operating revenues	\$	69,848,467	\$	118,650,005
Operating expenses				
Salaries		101,460,352		100,558,772
Employee benefits		4,282,702		40,724,893
Supplies, materials and other operating expenses		66,135,294		106,489,064
Student financial aid and scholarship		27,478,827		16,507,191
Depreciation		15,732,312		16,437,066
Total operating expenses	\$	215,089,487	\$	280,716,986
Loss from operations		(145,241,020)		(162,066,981)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
State apportionment, non-capital		53,808,911		48,189,027
Local property taxes		64,408,364		59,837,530
Federal grants and contracts, non capital		25,860,858		14,902,971
State taxes and other revenues		9,282,362		10,666,304
Federal grants - Pell		12,526,199		13,769,886
Investment income, net		2,355,715		2,113,253
Interest expense on capital asset-related debt, net		(23,407,294)		(26,378,864)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets		12,961		9,022
Other non-operating revenues, net		3,212,412		3,309,326
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		148,060,488		126,418,455
Loss before capital revenues	\$	2,819,468	\$	(35,648,526)
Capital revenues				
Local property taxes and revenues		68,479,100		33,691,904
Total capital revenues		68,479,100		33,691,904
Decrease in net position	\$	71,298,568	\$	(1,956,622)
Net position, beginning of year		(306,900,586)		(305,462,636)
Cumulative effect of GASB No. 84 implementation				518,672
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		(306,900,586)		(304,943,964)
Net position, end of year	\$	(235,602,018)	\$	(306,900,586)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position (Continued)

The largest component of the District's operating expense is the cost of salaries and benefits. Approximately 50% percent of the total expense is spent in this area. Supplies and other expenses account for an additional 38% of total expenses. Depreciation account for 6% of total expenses. Student financial aid also accounts for 6% of total operating expenses. The supplies and other expense categories include insurance premiums, facilities rental, equipment repair, as well as supplies and a host of other expenses necessary for the operation of the District.



Functional Expense	2022	% of Total	2021	Variance
Instructional activities	\$ 80,834,187	37.6%	\$ 81,741,719	\$ (907,532)
Academic support	12,713,310	5.9%	13,882,946	(1,169,636)
Student services	27,654,071	12.9%	25,662,484	1,991,587
Operation and maintenance of plant	13,567,490	6.3%	11,646,910	1,920,580
Institutional support	32,170,879	15.0%	27,931,468	4,239,411
Community services and economic developm	1,695,237	0.8%	954,235	741,002
Ancillary services, auxiliary services	20,730,396	9.6%	77,297,110	(56,566,714)
Student aid	33,620,662	15.6%	19,957,318	13,663,344
Physical property/GASB entries	(7,896,747)	-3.7%	21,642,796	(29,539,543)
TOTAL	\$ 215,089,487	100%	\$ 280,716,986	\$ (65,627,499)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

The Functional Expense chart incorporates all District funds appropriations for fiscal year 2021-22. The largest expense was in the area of instruction at 37.6%.

The Student Services expense of 12.9% includes counseling and guidance services and expenses associated with a number of state and categorical programs to include Student Success, Disabled Student Services Program (DSPS), Extended Opportunity Programs & Services (EOPS), Financial Aid Administration, and Veteran Services. Student aid was 15.6%.

The bulk of the ancillary services and auxiliary operations percentage of 9.6% encompasses the childcare center, contract education, food service, parking operation, and student and co-curricular activities.

The Community Services and Economic Development 0.8%, includes community services, recreation classes and facility use. Plant Maintenance and Operation was 6.3%. Physical property, depreciation and GASB entries of 3.7% consist of a number of building improvements and alterations that took place throughout the District as well as insurance and pension costs adjustments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity of the District during the year. The Statement is divided into five parts. The first part deals with the operating cash flows, and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the District. The second section reflects cash flows from non-capital financing activities. The third section deals with the net cash used by financing activities related to the acquisition of capital and related items. The fourth section reflects the cash received from investing activities, and shows the purchases, proceeds, and interest received from investing activities. The fifth section (not summarized here) reconciles the net cash activity to the net operating gain/loss on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

Cash provided by (used in)		2022	 2021	
Operating activities	\$	(208,132,900)	\$ (124,103,411)	
Non-capital financing activities		181,858,836	152,012,857	
Capital and related financing activities		167,368,396	(75,547,468)	
Investing activities		2,355,715	 3,046,113	
Net increase (decrease) in cash		143,450,047	(44,591,909)	
Cash Beginning of Year		187,606,649	 232,198,558	
Cash End of Year		331,056,696	\$ 187,606,649	

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had a net \$610.6 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$86.0 million from last year. We present more detailed information regarding our capital assets in Note 5 of the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2022 the District had \$1,008.0 million in debt outstanding versus \$955.6 million last year. Obligations include Measure B bond, Measure A bond and other post-employment benefit long-term obligations (OPEB) and GASB 68 liabilities for STRS and PERS. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 7 and 8 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future

The District's economic strength is directly affected by the economic well-being of California. The State's economy suffered tremendously at the onset of the pandemic and the shelter-in-place created difficult economic conditions that continued throughout the fiscal year. Fortunately, the financial impact to the State was less harsh than originally anticipated and tax receipts have declined far less than predicted. With the rollout of vaccines, federal financial assistance, and a commitment from the State to provide necessary personal protection equipment, the prospect of returning to a more traditional form of business is strong.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Department of Business Services at Chabot-Las Positas Community College District, 7600 Dublin Boulevard, 3rd Floor, Dublin, California 94568, or e-mail jnicholas@clpccd.org.

ASSETS

Current assets:	¢ 22.499.044
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 32,188,011
Receivables, net (Note 4)	22,653,919
Lease receivable	809,775
Due from other funds	28,446
Prepaid expenses	295,302
Total current assets	55,975,453
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	298,868,685
Lease receivable - noncurrent portion	1,419,164
Capital assets, net depreciation and amortization (Note 5)	437,755,344
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	172,870,473
Total noncurrent assets	910,913,666
	<u>.</u>
Total assets	966,889,119
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9)	28,449,247
Deferred outflows of resources - refunding	21,325,497
Deferred outflows or resources- OPEB	944,765
Total deferred outflows	50,719,509
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,017,608,628
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
	¢ 20.521.249
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 30,531,348
Interest payable	10,440,183
Unearned revenue (Note 6)	25,072,401
Compensated absences payable (Note 7)	2,926,275
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 7)	54,515,721
Total current liabilities	123,485,928
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities - noncurrent portion (Note 7)	1,033,454,837
Total liabilities	1,156,940,765
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	2 228 020
	2,228,939
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9)	61,530,000
Deferred inflows of reosurces - OPEB (Note 10)	32,510,942
Total deferred inflows	96,269,881
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	(37,881,237)
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
Education programs	511,619
Debt service	101,939,069
Students	616,414
Unrestricted	(300,787,883)
Total net position	(235,602,018)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 1,017,608,628
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating revenues: Tuition and fees Less: scholarship discounts and allowances	\$
Net tuition and fees	13,303,404
Grants and contracts, non-capital: Federal State Local	6,004,393 39,214,193 11,326,477
Total operating revenues	69,848,467
Operating expenses: Salaries Employee benefits (Notes 8, 9, and 10) Supplies, materials and other operating expenses Student financial aid and scholarship Depreciation (Note 5)	101,460,352 4,282,702 66,135,294 27,478,827 15,732,312
Total operating expenses	215,089,487
Loss from operations	(145,241,020)
Non-operating revenues (expenses): State apportionment, non-capital Local property taxes Federal grants and contracts, non-capital State taxes and other revenues Federal grants - Pell Investment income, net Interest expense on capital asset-related debt Gain on disposal of capital assets Other non-operating revenues, net	53,808,911 64,408,364 25,860,858 9,282,362 12,526,199 2,355,715 (23,407,294) 12,961 3,212,412
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	148,060,488
Loss before capital revenues	2,819,468
Capital revenues: Local property taxes and revenues	68,479,100
Increase in net position	71,298,568
Net position, July 1, 2021	(306,900,586)
Net position, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ (235,602,018</u>)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Tuition and fees	12,505,697
Federal, state and local grants and contracts	17,383,340
Payments of scholarships and grants	(26,352,489)
Payments to suppliers and vendors	(64,174,571)
Payments to and on behalf of employees	(101,501,289)
Payments for benefits	(48,325,114)
Other operating local revenues	2,331,526
Net cash used in operating activities	(208,132,900)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
State appropriations	62,167,426
Local property taxes	64,408,364
State taxes and other revenues	13,019,518
Federal grants	25,860,858
Pell grants	12,526,199
Other non-operating revenues	3,876,471
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	181,858,836
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Local property taxes	68,479,100
Purchase of capital assets	(101,830,965)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	51,954
Principal paid on capital debt	(10,680,000)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	222,985,000
Interest paid on capital debt, net	(11,636,693)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	167,368,396
Cash flows provided by investing activities:	
Investment income	2,355,715
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	143,450,047
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2021	187,606,649
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 331,056,696</u>

operating activities:\$ (145,241,020)Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities:15,732,312Depreciation expense15,732,312Changes in assets and liabilities:14,455,484Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - oPEB(35,783,818)DefEliability and compensated absences(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000Net cash used in operating activities\$ (208,132,900)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation expense15,732,312Changes in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net14,455,484Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - oPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - oPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - oPEB56,358,000
used in operating activities:15,732,312Depreciation expense15,732,312Changes in assets and liabilities:14,455,484Receivables, net14,455,484Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Depreciation expense15,732,312Changes in assets and liabilities:14,455,484Receivables, net14,455,484Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - oPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:14,455,484Receivables, net14,455,484Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Receivables, net14,455,484Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Prepaid expenses2,104,701Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions11,768,140Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB9,042,431Accounts payable and other liabilities4,304,808Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
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Unearned revenue(55,437,134)OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
OPEB liability and compensated absences(13,627,804)Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Compensated absences payable(277,000)Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Net pension liability(71,532,000)Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(35,783,818)Deferred inflows of resources - pension56,358,000
Deferred inflows of resources - pension
Net cash used in operating activities \$ (208,132,900)
Supplementary disclosure of non-cash transactions:
Amortization of premiums on debt \$20,642,354
Amortization of loss on refunding debt \$5,194,006
Additions to capital assets - decrease in accounts payable \$ (1,234,829)
Refunding of debt directly through issuance or new debt \$249,350,000

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2022

ASSETS	5	OPEB Trust Fund
Investments:	^	4 000 407
Mutual funds - fixed income	\$	1,662,197
Mutual funds - domestic equity		1,500,797
Mutual funds - international equity		453,670
Mutual funds - real estate	_	351,779
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	3,968,443
NET POSITION		
Net position restricted for other		
postemployment benefits	<u>\$</u>	3,968,443

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

	OPEB <u>Trust Fund</u>
ADDITIONS	
Employer contributions	<u>\$ 11,742,506</u>
Total additions	11,742,506
DEDUCTIONS	
Net loss on investments	991,722
Adminstrative expenses	39,835
Benefit payments	7,742,506
Total deductions	8,774,063
Net increase in net position	2,968,443
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits:	
Net position, July 1, 2021	1,000,000
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$ 3,968,443

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u>: Chabot-Las Positas Community College District (the "District") is a political subdivision of the State of California and provides educational services to the local residents of the surrounding area. While the District is a political subdivision of the State, it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section (Cod. Sec.) 2100.101. The District is classified as a state instrumentality under Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

The District identified that the Friends of Chabot College Foundation, the Las Positas College Foundation, the Las Positas College Viticulture and Enology Foundation, and the Foundation for Chabot-Las Positas Community College District do not meet the criteria as a component unit under GASB Statement No. 14, 39 and 61, therefore, the Foundations' assets, liabilities, and disbursements are not included in the District financial statements.

<u>Basis of Presentation and Accounting</u>: For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB. Under this model, the District's financial statements provide a comprehensive entity-wide perspective of the District's financial position and activities. Accordingly, the District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Fiduciary funds for which the District acts only as an agent are not included in the business type activities of the District. These funds are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The District records revenues when earned and expenses when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. The budgetary and financial accounts of the District are recorded and maintained in accordance with the *Chancellor's Office's Budget and Accounting Manual* (BAM).

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For the purposes of the financial statements, cash equivalents are defined as financial instruments with an original maturity of three months or less. Funds invested in the County Treasurer's investment pool are considered cash equivalents.

<u>Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Restricted cash and cash equivalents includes amounts restricted for the repayment of debt, for use in the acquisition or construction of capital assets, for restricted programs, for any other restricted purpose, or in any funds restricted in purpose per the BAM.

<u>Investment Pools</u>: The carrying value of the District's investment in the Alameda County Treasury pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables consist of tuition and fee charges to students, amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. The District provides for an allowance for unelectable accounts as an estimation of amounts that may not be received. The allowance is based upon management's estimates and analysis. The allowance was estimated at \$4,486,918 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Lease receivables represent future minimum lease payments receivable on properties for which the District is a lessor.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or, if donated, at acquisition value at the date of donation. For equipment, the District's capitalization policy included all furniture, equipment or vehicles with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 3 - 50 years depending on asset types.

<u>Leases</u>: The District is a lessee for leases of property and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$500,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of its useful life or the remaining lease term. The lease asset relates to leased space and is amortized over a period of 9 years which represents the remaining lease term at the date of adoption of GASB 87.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

The District is also a lessor for leases of property and buildings. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is received as revenue over the life of the lease term.

<u>Load Banking</u>: The District also participates in and accrues "load banking" with eligible academic employees whereby the employee may teach extra courses in one period in exchange for time off in another period. The District recognizes this as a component of accounts payable.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Revenues from Federal, State and local special projects and programs are recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Tuition, fees and other support received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences costs are accrued when earned by employees. Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as a liability at year end.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave</u>: Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when employee retires.

<u>Long Term Liabilities</u>: Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Long term liabilities are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Net Position: The District's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: This represents the District's total investment in capital assets, net of associated outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets and deferred outflows of resources. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position: Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties. Nonspendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to the principal.

Unrestricted net position: Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, State apportionments, and sales and services of educational departments. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the District, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District typically applies the expense toward restricted resources, then to unrestricted resources.

<u>State Apportionments</u>: Certain current year apportionments from the state are based on various financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any prior year corrections due to a recalculation will be recorded in the year completed by the state. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which FTES are generated.

<u>Classification of Revenue and Expenses</u>: The District has classified its revenues and expenses as either operating or nonoperating revenues and expenses. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operations are recorded as nonoperating revenues, as defined by GASB Cod. Sec. Co5.101 including State appropriations, local property taxes, and investment income. Nearly all the District's expenses are from exchange transactions. Revenues and expenses are classified according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues and expenses: Operating revenues and expenses include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, and (2) most Federal, State and local grants and contracts and Federal appropriations. All expenses are considered operating expenses except for interest expense on capital related debt.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as Pell grants, gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources described in GASB Cod. Sec. Co5.101, such as State appropriations and investment income. Interest expense on capital related debt is the only nonoperating expense.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: All property taxes are levied and collected by the Tax Assessors of the Counties of Alameda and Contra Costa and paid upon collection to the various taxing entities including the District. Secured taxes are levied on July 1 and are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date for secured and unsecured property taxes is March 1 of the preceding fiscal year.

<u>Scholarship Discounts and Allowances</u>: Student tuition and fee revenue are reported net of the Board of Governors fee waivers and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for goods and services provided by the District and the amount that is paid by the students and/or their parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, and other federal, state and nongovernmental programs are recorded as operating revenues, while Federal Pell Grants are classified as non-operating revenues in the District's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the District has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

<u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)</u>: For purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investment are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and interest-earning investment contracts that are reported at cost.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding reported which is in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources related to recognition of the pension liability and the liability for Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the pension liability, leases receivable, and the OPEB liability in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP and PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Certain investments are reported at fair value. The following is a summary of pension amounts in aggregate:

	<u>STRP</u>	<u>PERF B</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 16,312,867	\$ 12,136,380	\$ 28,449,247
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 39,309,000	\$ 22,221,000	\$ 61,530,000
Net pension liability	\$ 34,408,000	\$ 49,663,000	\$ 84,071,000
Pension expense	\$ 5,036,320	\$ 8,978,881	\$ 14,015,201

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>: In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 requires the recognition of certain assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this statement a lease is required to be recognized as a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset and the lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. This statement was originally effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, but due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 95, the implementation date was extended to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Based on the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, on July 1, 2021 the District recognized lease receivables and related deferred inflows of resources of \$3,171,977. Additionally, the District recognized a lease liability and a leased asset both in the amount of \$7,749,682. There was no change in the District's net position as a result of the implementation.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Pooled Funds: Cash in County Treasury	\$ 319,875,223
Deposits: Cash on hand and in banks	11,181,472
Total cash and cash equivalents	331,056,695
Less: restricted cash and cash equivalents	(298,868,684)
Net cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 32,188,011</u>

<u>Cash in County Treasury</u>: As provided for by California Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Alameda County Treasury for the purpose of increasing interest earned through County investment activities.

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The carrying value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Because the District's deposits are maintained in the Alameda County Investment Pool, a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party, and the District's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial risk classifications is required.

Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool. The Alameda County Treasurer has indicated that there are no derivatives in the pool as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its cash and investments or collateral securities that are in possession of another party.

The District's investment policy is consistent with California Government Code as it relates to investment vehicles. The District's investment policy authorizes it to invest in the following:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Maximum Percentage <u>of Portfolio</u>	Maximum Investment in <u>One Issuer</u>
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Securities Bankers Acceptance Commercial Paper Negotiable Certificates of Deposit Repurchase Agreements Medium-Term Corporate Notes Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds Mortgage Pass-Through Securities County Pooled Investment Funds	5 years 5 years 5 years 5 years 180 days 270 days 5 years 92 days 5 years N/A N/A 5 years N/A	None None 100% None 40% 25% 30% 20% of base 30% 20% 20% 20% 20% None	None None None 30% 10% None None 10% 10% None None None
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF) Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A N/A	None None	None None

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the District's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal 110 percent of an agency's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure an agency's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of an agency's total deposits and collateral is considered to be held in the name of the District. All cash held by the financial institutions is entirely insured or collateralized.

The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's cash on hand and in banks for the District was \$11,222,408 and the bank balance was \$11,723,492, of which \$1,000,000 was FDIC insured.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

<u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>: Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Marian	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Percentage <u>of Portfolio</u>	Investment in One Issuer
Alameda County Investment Pool	Five years	None	None

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. At June 30, 2022, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the maturity date of each investment:

Weighted Average Investment Type	<u>Maturity (in Years)</u>
Alameda County Investment Pool	1.50

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Alameda County Treasury Investment Policy based on California Government Code Section 53635, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

	Minimum	Rating
	Legal	at
Investment Type	Rating	Year End
Alameda County Investment Pool	None	N/A

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District's investment policy places limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. June 30, 2022, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS – OPEB TRUST

The District's OPEB (the "Trust") Trust fund, a fiduciary fund, has adopted an internally developed investment policy that is governed by the standards established in the California Constitution. In addition, the Trust has written investment policies regarding the type of investments that may be made specifically for the Trust and the amount, which may be invested in any one financial institution or amounts that may be invested in long-term instruments. Management believes the Trust has complied with the provisions of statutes pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made, and security requirements.

The fair values of the Trust's individual investments as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Mutual funds - fixed income	\$ 1,662,197
Mutual funds - domesitc equity	1,500,797
Mutual funds - international equity	453,670
Mutual funds - real estate	351,779
	<u>\$ 3,968,443</u>

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Trust's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal 110 percent of an agency's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure an agency's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of an agency's total deposits and collateral is considered to be held in the name of the Trust.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The Trust's investment policy requires all fixed income investments to be of investment grade quality or higher at purchase; that is, at the time of purchases, rated no lower than "BBB" by Standard and Poor's. The Trust Board, at their discretion, may impose a higher standard on an individual investment manager basis as circumstances or investment objectives dictate. At June 30, 2022, the Trust investments consisted of open-end mutual funds, therefore there are no credit ratings to disclose.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The OPEB Trust investments consisted of open-end mutual funds, therefore, there are no significant interest rate risk related to the investments held, as there are no maturities related to the mutual funds held.

<u>Fair Value of Financial Instruments</u>: The following methods and assumptions were used by the Trust to estimate the fair value of its financial instruments at June 30, 2022.

<u>Fair Value Hierarchy</u>: Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS – OPEB TRUST (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Trust's investments (including gains and losses on investments bought and sold as well as held during the year) consisted of the following:

Dividends and other income	\$ 303,025
Realized losses	(81,583)
Unrealized losses	(1,213,164)
Investment fees	(39,835)
Total investment return, net	<u>\$ (1,031,557</u>)

<u>Assets Recorded at Fair Value</u>: The following table presents information about the District's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	<u>Total</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments:				
Mutual funds - fixed income	\$ 1,662,197	\$ 1,662,197	\$-	\$-
Mutual funds - domesitc equity	1,500,797	1,500,797	-	-
Mutual funds - international equity	453,670	453,670	-	-
Mutual funds - real estate	351,779	351,779		
Total	\$ 3,968,443	<u>\$ 3,968,443</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>

Mutual funds were valued at closing prices from securities exchanges and are classified as Level 1 investments.

There were no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2022.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond what is stipulated by the California Government code. There were none of the District investments (other than U.S. Treasuries, mutual funds and external investment pools, which are exempt from this disclosure) in any one issuer that represented five percent or more of the total investments as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

District receivables at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Federal State Local and other	\$ 7,826,519 3,631,649 <u>15,682,669</u> 27,140,837
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (4,486,918)
	\$ 22,653,919

The District also has lease receivables totaling \$2,228,939 as of June 30, 2022, and corresponding deferred inflows of resources from lease revenue totaling \$2,228,939. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized \$943,037 of lease revenue. Leases receivable consist of ten individual leases as of June 30, 2022 with lease terms ending at various times throughout the fiscal years June 30, 2023 through June 30, 2027.

Future inflows of resources related to leases receivable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Total Lease <u>Payments</u>	
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 809,77 701,11 576,41 125,54 16,08	4 5 8
Total	<u>\$2,228,93</u>	9

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND LEASED ASSETS

Capital and leased asset activity consists of the following:

	Restatement						
	Balance	due to	Balance				Balance
	July 1,	GASB 87	July 1, 2021	Additions <u>Deductions</u> Trans			June 30,
	<u>2021</u>	Implementation	As Restated			Transfers	2022
Capital assets:							
Non-depreciable:							
Land	\$ 9,041,723	\$-	\$ 9,041,723		\$-	\$-	\$ 9,041,723
Construction in progress	75,194,074	-	75,194,074	92,652,298	-	(4,017,622)	163,828,750
Depreciable:							
Land improvements	101,144,473	-	101,144,473	114,880	-	93,201	101,352,554
Buildings and improvements	543,695,602	-	543,695,602	206,408	-	3,924,421	547,826,431
Furniture and equipment	30,622,289		30,622,289	2,000,672	(38,993)		32,583,968
Total	759,698,161		759,698,161	94,974,258	(38,993)		854,633,426
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements	(84,392,372)	-	(84,392,372)	(3,046,775)	-	-	(87,439,147)
Buildings and improvements	(130,735,022)	-	(130,735,022)	(10,562,488)	-	-	(141,297,510)
Furniture and equipment	(19,869,548)	-	(19,869,548)	(2,123,050)	38,993		(21,953,605)
Total	(234,996,942)		(234,996,942)	(15,732,313)	38,993		(250,690,262)
Capital assets, net	\$524,701,219	<u>\$</u>	\$524,701,219	<u>\$ 79,241,945</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$603,943,164
Leased asset:							
Buildings and improvements	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 7,479,682</u>	\$ 7,479,682	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 7,479,682
Total		7,479,682	7,479,682				7,479,682
Less accumulated amortization:							
Buildings and improvements				(797,029)	<u> </u>		(797,029)
Total				(797,029)	<u> </u>		(797,029)
Leased asset, net	\$-	\$ 7,479,682	\$ 7,479,682	\$ (797,029)	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,682,653
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NOTE 6 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue for the District consisted of the following:

Unearned Federal and State revenue Unearned tuition and student fees	\$	3,971,381 14,995,829
Unearned local grant revenue and other		6,105,191
Total unearned revenue	\$	25,072,401

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In February 2013, the District issued 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds aggregating \$289,105,000. The bonds matured through August 2032 and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. During August 2021, the District issued 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Proceeds were used to advance refund \$249,350,000 of the 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The remaining 2013 Bonds mature through August 2023.

Unamortized premiums related to the 2013 Refunding Bonds were \$3,644,393 at June 30, 2022.

The annual payments required to amortize the 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending						Total	
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Debt Service	
2023	\$	14,520,000	\$	1,069,500	\$	15,589,500	
2024		16,330,000		365,750		16,695,750	
	<u>\$</u>	30,850,000	\$	1,435,250	\$	32,285,250	

In July 2016, the District issued the 2016 Refunding General Obligation Bonds to refund certain portions of the District's remaining outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2004, Series 2006B and 2006C and the 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The bonds mature through August 2037 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

Unamortized premiums related to the 2016 Refunding Bonds were \$26,295,142 at June 30, 2022.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2016 Refunding General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total <u>Debt Service</u>	
2023	\$ -	\$	8,941,625	\$	8,941,625
2024	-		8,941,625		8,941,625
2025	-		8,941,625		8,941,625
2026	-		8,941,625		8,941,625
2027	-		8,941,625		8,941,625
2028-2032	-		44,708,125		44,708,125
2033-2037	176,075,000		31,105,388		207,180,388
2038	48,305,000		966,100		49,271,100
	\$ 224,380,000	\$1	121,487,738	\$	345,867,738

In September 2017, the District issued Election of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A aggregating \$160,000,000. The bonds mature through August 2047 and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%.

Unamortized premiums related to the 2016 Series A Bonds were \$8,228,872 at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	D	Total ebt Service
2023	\$ -	\$ 3,132,800	\$	3,132,800
2024	120,000	3,131,000		3,251,000
2025	255,000	3,125,375		3,380,375
2026	395,000	3,115,625		3,510,625
2027	550,000	3,095,950		3,645,950
2028-2032	5,640,000	14,812,000		20,452,000
2033-2037	11,875,000	12,940,472		24,815,472
2038-2042	20,040,000	10,034,272		30,074,272
2043-2047	31,455,000	4,957,900		36,412,900
2048	 8,000,000	 160,000		8,160,000
	\$ 78,330,000	\$ 58,505,394	\$	136,835,394

In August 2021, the District issued \$200,000,000 of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B. The bonds mature through August 2041 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

Unamortized premiums related to the 2016 Series B Bonds were \$18,493,328 at June 30, 2022

The annual payments required to amortize the 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>C</u>	Total Debt Service
2023	\$ 30,140,000	\$ 6,901,800	\$	37,041,800
2024	30,985,000	5,373,675		36,358,675
2025	32,170,000	3,794,800		35,964,800
2026	2,835,000	2,933,850		5,768,850
2027	3,170,000	2,813,750		5,983,750
2028-2032	21,480,000	12,097,850		33,577,850
2033-2037	32,455,000	8,068,675		40,523,675
2038-2042	 46,465,000	 2,614,250		49,079,250
	\$ 199,700,000	\$ 44,598,650	\$	244,298,650

During August 2021, the District issued 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Proceeds were used to to refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and pay the costs of issuing the Refunding Bonds. The bonds mature through August 2032 and bear interest at rates ranging from 0.2% to 2.0%. For financial reporting purposes, the refunded debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the District's financial statements.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Calculation of Difference in Cash Flow Requirements and Economic Gain

Old debt service cash flows New debt service cash flows	335,664,669 304,065,660
	\$ 31,599,009

<u>Economic Gain</u>: The economic gain or difference between the present value of the old debt service requirements and the present value of the new debt service requirements, discounted at the effective interest rate, is \$29,319,934.

The annual payments required to amortize the 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2023	\$ 4,735,0	000 \$ 3,914,33	9 \$ 8,649,339
2024	4,575,0	3,902,46	2 8,477,462
2025	22,805,0	000 3,828,98	6 26,633,986
2026	24,125,0	000 3,656,35	9 27,781,359
2027	25,575,0	000 3,412,10	4 28,987,104
2028-2032	153,625,0	000 10,787,67	8 164,412,678
2033-2037	36,895,0	000 367,10	5 37,262,105
	<u>\$</u> 272,335,0	000 <u>\$ 29,869,03</u>	3 \$ 302,204,033

<u>Lease Liability</u>: The District leases a building under a long-term, material lease agreement which is scheduled to mature through May 2023. The annual requirements to amortize the lease outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		
	\$ 797,035		
2023	797,094		
2024	799,084		
2025	823,018		
2026	847,613		
2027	 2,618,809		
2028-2030			
	\$ 6,682,653		

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Changes in Long-Term Debt</u>: A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

5.11	Balance July 1 <u>2021</u>	to	atement due GASB 87 lementation		Balance July 1, 2021 <u>As Restated</u>	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, <u>2022</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
<u>Debt</u> General Obligation Bonds	\$ 593,290,000	\$	-	\$	593,290,000	\$ 472,335,000	\$ 260,030,000	\$ 805,595,000	\$ 49,395,000
General Obligation Bonds Premium, net	58,160,915		-		58,160,915	19,143,080	20,642,354	56,661,641	4,323,686
Other long-term liabilities Net pension liability									
(Notes 8 and 9)	155,603,000				155,603,000	(71,532,000)	-	84,071,000	-
Leases payable Net OPEB	-		7,479,682		7,479,682	-	797,029	6,682,653	797,035
liability (Note 10)	148,588,068		-		148,588,068	-	13,627,804	134,960,264	-
Compensated absences	 3,203,275		-	_	3,203,275	 -	 277,000	 2,926,275	 -
	\$ 958,845,258	\$	7,479,682	\$	966,324,940	\$ 419,946,080	\$ 295,374,187	\$ 1,090,896,833	\$ 54,515,721

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plans may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report.

Benefits Provided: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit (DB) Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60 - CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, up to the 2.4 percent maximum.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a fulltime basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service.

CalSTRS 2% at 62 - CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for 36 consecutive months of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Current contribution rates were established by California Assembly Bill 1469 (CalSTRS Funding Plan), which was passed into law in June 2014, and various subsequent legislation.

The CalSTRS Funding Plan established a schedule of contribution rate increases shared among members, employers, and the State of California to bring CalSTRS toward full funding by fiscal year 2046. California Senate Bill 90 and California Assembly Bill 84 (collectively the "Special Legislation"), were signed into law in June 2019 and June 2020, respectively, and provided supplemental contributions to the DB Program along with supplemental contribution rate relief to employers through fiscal year 2021-22.

A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the DB Program pursuant to the CalSTRS Funding Plan, and the Special Legislation, are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2021-2022.

Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 10.205 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2021-2022 According to current law, the contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is adjusted if the normal cost increases or decreases by more than 1 percent since the last time the member contribution rate was set. Based on the June 30, 2019, valuation adopted by the board in June 2021, the increase in normal cost was less than 1 percent. Therefore, the contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members 2% at 62 members did not change effective July 1, 2020.

Employers – 16.920 percent of applicable member earnings. This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent resulting from the CalSTRS Funding Plan, and subsequently reduced for the 2.18 percent to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to the Special Legislation.

Beginning in fiscal year 2021–22, the CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer supplemental contribution rate up or down by a maximum of 1% for a total rate of no higher than 20.25% and no lower than 8.25%. In June 2021, the CalSTRS board voted to keep the employer supplemental contribution rate the same for fiscal year 2021–22; it remained at 10.85% effective July 1, 2021.

Through the Special Legislation approved in June 2019 and June 2020, the State made supplemental contributions of approximately \$2.2 billion to CalSTRS on behalf of employers to supplant the amounts submitted by employers for fiscal years 2019–20 through 2021–22. Specifically, employers will remit 1.03%, 2.95% and 2.18% less than is required by the CalSTRS Funding Plan for fiscal years 2019–20, 2020–21 and 2021–22, respectively.

The CalSTRS employer contribution rate increases effective for fiscal year 2021-22 through fiscal year 2046-47 are summarized in the table below:

Effective <u>Date</u>	Base <u>Rate</u>	Supplemental Rate Per CalSTRS <u>Funding Plan</u>	Rate Adjustment Per Special <u>Legislation</u>	<u>Total</u>
July 1, 2021 July 1, 2022 to	8.250%	10.850%	(2.180%)	16.920%
June 30, 2046 July 1, 2046	8.250% 8.250%	(1) Increase from AB	N/A 1469 rate ends in 2	(1) 2046-47

(1) The CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer contribution rate up or down by up to 1% each year, but no higher than 20.250% total and no lower than 8.250%.

The District contributed \$8,437,867 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

State – 10.828 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year.

The state is required to contribute a base contribution rate set in statute at 2.017%. Pursuant to the CalSTRS Funding Plan, the state also has a supplemental contribution rate, which the board can increase by up to 0.5% each fiscal year to help eliminate the state's share of the CalSTRS unfunded actuarial obligation by 2046. In June 2021, the board approved an increase of 0.5% for fiscal year 2021–22, which will increase the state supplemental contribution rate to 6.311% effective July 1, 2021.

Special legislation appropriated supplemental state contributions to reduce the state's portion of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the DB Program in fiscal years 2019-20 through 2022-23. These contributions are funded from future excess General Fund revenues, pursuant to the requirements of California Proposition 2, Rainy-Day Budget Stabilization Fund Act, which passed in 2014. Accordingly, the contribution amounts are subject to change each year based on the availability of funding. For fiscal year 2020–21, CalSTRS received \$297.0 million in supplemental state contributions from Proposition 2 funds. Of this total, approximately \$170.0 million is designated to cover forgone contributions due to the suspension of the 0.5% increase to the state supplemental contribution rate in fiscal year 2020–21. The remaining \$127.0 million is designated to reduce the state's share of CalSTRS' unfunded actuarial obligation.

The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2021-2022 and beyond are summarized in the table below.

<u>Effective</u> <u>Date</u>	Base <u>Rate</u>	Supplemental Rate Per CalSTRS <u>Funding Plan</u>	SBMA <u>Funding</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2021 July 01, 2022 to	2.017%	6.311%	2.50%	10.828%
June 30, 2046 July 01, 2046	2.017% 2.017%	(2) (3)	2.50% 2.50%	(2) (3)

(1) The SBMA contribution rate excludes the \$72 million that is reduced from the required contribution in accordance with Education Code section 22954.

(2) The board has limited authority to adjust the state contribution rate annually through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation. The board cannot increase the supplemental rate by more than 0.5% in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the supplemental contribution rate imposed would be reduced to 0%.

(3) From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining unfunded actuarial obligation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,408,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	20,472,000
Total	\$ 54,880,000

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts and the State. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.076 percent, which was a decrease of 0.009 percent in proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,036,320 and revenue of \$11,433,046 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	86,000	\$	3,662,000	
Changes of assumptions		4,875,000		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		27,218,000	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,914,000		8,429,000	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		8,437,867		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	16,312,867	\$	39,309,000	

\$8,437,867 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ (6,071,000)
2024	\$ (5,163,000)
2025	\$ (7,685,500)
2026	\$ (9,481,167)
2027	\$ (1,487,667)
2028	\$ (1,545,666)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earrings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB
	Not applicable for DBS/CBB

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent, which was unchanged from the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Mortality</u>: CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity	42%	4.8%
Real Estate Assets	15	3.6
Private Equity	13	6.3
Fixed Income	12	1.3
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10	1.8
Inflation Sensitive	6	3.3
Cash / Liquidity	2	(0.4)

* 20-year geometric average

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount <u>Rate</u>: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.10%)</u>	Ra	ate (7.10%)	<u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 70,042,000	\$	34,408,000	\$ 4,832,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description</u>: The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at:

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/acfr-2021.pdf

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when agencies first join the PERF B, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Members - The member contribution rate was 7.00 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2021-22.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 22.91 percent of applicable member earnings. The District contributed \$8,000,380 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$49,663,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.24 percent, which was an increase of 0.01 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a pension expense of \$8,978,881. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows <u>Resources</u>	 erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,483,000	\$ 117,000
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		-	21,587,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,653,000	517,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	<u>.</u>	8,000,380	
Total	\$	12,136,380	\$ 22,221,000

\$8,000,380 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ (3,945,417)
2024	\$ (3,953,417)
2025	\$ (4,885,917)
2026	\$ (5,300,249)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	June 30, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.50%
Wage Growth	Varies by entry age and service
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing
	Power Protection Allowance Floor on
	Purchasing Power applies 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of Scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Long-Term* Assumed Asset <u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return <u>Years 1-10 (1)</u>	Expected Real Rate of Return <u>Years 11+(2)</u>
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8	6.30	7.23
Real Estate Assets	13	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1	-	(0.92)

* 10-year geometric average

(1) An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period

(2) An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected cash flows of the Plan. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.15%)</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>ate (7.15%)</u>	<u>(8.15%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability	\$ 83,739,000	\$	49,663,000	\$ 21,373,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: In addition to the pension benefits described in Notes 8 and 9, the District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan and provides post employment medical, dental, and vision insurance coverage, as prescribed in the various employee union contracts, to retirees meeting eligibility requirements. Eligible employees retiring from the District may become eligible for these benefits when the requirements are met. The retiree benefit plan issues separate financial statements, which are produced by the District and available upon request.

The District offers subsidized health insurance benefits to all employees who retire from the District and meet the age and service requirement for eligibility. Group medical coverage is provided for academic retirees hired on or after April 1, 1986, and classified retirees hired on or after July 1, 1984. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, no group medical coverage is provided. The amount of the District's contribution per employee towards such annual premiums is determined according to the collective bargaining agreements.

<u>Contributions</u>: On June 8, 2021, the District signed an irrevocable trust (the Trust) agreement. The District appointed a Board of Authority with authority to establish and amend benefit terms under the plan and make decisions on behalf of the District with respect to the Futuris Public Entity Investment Trust Program. The Benefit Trust Company was appointed as the custodian and trustee to administer the Futuris Public Entity Investment Trust.

The Chabot-Las Positas Community College District's Retiree Benefit Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the District. The Plan, which is administered by the District, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the District's retirement plan to continue medical, dental and life insurance coverage as a participant in the District's plan. The District's Governing Board has the authority to establish or amend the benefit terms offered by the Plan. The District's Governing Board also retains the authority to establish the requirements for paying the Plan benefits as they come due.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: The following is a table of plan participants at June 30, 2022:

	Number of <u>Participants</u>
Inactive Plan members receiving benefits Inactive employees/dependents entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	438 -
Active employees	267
	705

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The following is a description of the current retiree benefit plan:

	Faculty**	Classified**	Management**
Benefit Types Provided	Medical only (including Part B Medicare)	Medical only (including Part B Medicare)	Medical only (including Part B Medicare)
Duration of Benefits	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime
Required Service	10 years	10 years	10 years
Minimum Age	55	55	55
Dependent Coverage	Yes	Yes	Yes
District Contribution	100% for age+service at least equal to 85. For each reduction of one in age+service, the percent paid by the District reduces 5% to a minimum of 25% at age + service = 70	100% for age+service at least equal to 85. For each reduction of one in age+service, the percent paid by the District reduces 5% to a minimum of 25% at age + service = 70	100% for age+service at least equal to 85. For each reduction of one in age+service, the percent paid by the District reduces 5% to a minimum of 25% at age + service = 70
District Cap	Highest Medicare Risk Plan	Highest Medicare Risk Plan	Highest Medicare Risk Plan

*Post-65 benefits are paid at 100% as long as the minimum age and length of service is met. **Employees hired on or after 1/1/2013 are no longer eligible for District-paid health benefits.

Contributions to the Plan from the District were \$11,742,506 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

<u>Plan Termination</u>: In the event of Plan termination, the net position of the Trust would be allocated as prescribed in the Trust documents, generally to pay in the order indicated below:

- District's remaining retiree medical benefit liabilities.
- Reasonable expenses of administering the Trust.

Any assets remaining in the Trust after paying off the above liabilities shall revert back to the District.

OPEB Plan Investments: The plan discount rate of 6.35% was determined using the following asset allocation and assumed rate of return:

	Percentage of <u>Portfolio</u>	Rate of <u>Return*</u>
Asset Class		
Fixed Income	39.0%	4.25%
Equities - domestic	30.0%	7.25%
Equities - international	25.5%	7.25%
Real estate investment trusts	5.5%	7.25%

*Geometric average

Rolling periods of time for all asset classes in combination were used to appropriately reflect correlation between asset classes. This means that the average returns for any asset class do not necessarily reflect the averages over time individually but reflect the return for the asset class for the portfolio average. Additionally, the historic 24-year real rates of return for each asset class along with the assumed long-term inflation assumption was used to set the discount rate. The investment return was offset by assumed investment expenses of 25 basis points. It was further assumed that contributions to the plan would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed 24 years.

Money-weighted rate of return on OPEB retiree benefit plan investments was (22.6)% for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Total OPEB Liability

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

June 30, 2022
The census was provided by the District as of June 30, 2022
Entry age actuarial cost method
2.75%
6.35%
6.35%
4.00%
2.75%
100% for certificated and classified employees.
For certificated employees the 2020 CalSTRS mortality tables were used.
For classified employees the 2017 CalPERS active mortality for miscellaneous employees were used.
To the extent not provided and when needed to calculate benefit liabilities, 80% of retirees assumed to be married at retirement. After retirement, the percentage married is adjusted to reflect mortality.
To the extent spouse dates of birth are not provided and when needed to calculate benefit liabilities, female spouse assumed to be three years younger than male.
For certificated employees the 2020 CalSTRS termination rates were used. For classified employees the 2017 CalPERS termination rates for school employees were used.

Service requirement	For certificated employees 100% at 20 years of service.
	For classified employees 100% at 20 years of service.
	For management 100% at 12 years of service.
Retirement rates	For certificated employees the 2020 CaISTRS retirement rates were used.
	For classified employees the 2017 CalPERS retirement rates for school employees were used.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	 l	ncrea	se (Decrease)	
	Total OPEB Liability <u>(a)</u>		al Fiduciary et Position <u>(b)</u>		Net OPEB Liability <u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 149,588,068	\$	1,000,000	\$	148,588,068
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	2,504,290		-		2,504,290
Interest	9,332,529		-		9,332,529
Investment income	-		(991,722)		991,722
Employer Contributions	-		11,742,506		(11,742,506)
Benefit payments	(7,742,506)		(7,742,506)		-
Differences between actual and					
expected experience	(14,753,674)		-		(14,753,674)
Changes in assumptions	-		-		-
Administrative expenses	 -		(39,835)		39,835
Net change	 (10,659,361)		2,968,443		(13,627,804)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 138,928,707	\$	3,968,443	\$	134,960,264

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	<u>(5.35%)</u>	<u>F</u>	Rate (6.35%)	<u>(7.35%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 151,034,363	\$	134,960,264	\$ 121,440,732

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:</u> The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	He	ealthcare Cost	1%
	Decrease (3.0%)		Trend Rates Rate (4.00%)	Increase (5.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 119.804.379	\$	134,960,264	\$ 153.192.160

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB income of \$12,977,513. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferr <u>of R</u>	ferred Inflows <u>f Resources</u>		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	7,728,114
Changes of assumptions		-		24,782,828
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		944,765		<u> </u>
Total	\$	944,765	\$	32,510,942

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of revenues related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ 31,572,199
2024	\$ 466,362
2025	\$ (236,192)
2025	\$ (236,192)

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u>: The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

The District has received Federal and State funds for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is management's opinion that any required reimbursements or future revenue offsets subsequently determined will not have a material effect.

<u>Construction Commitments</u>: As of June 30, 2022, the District has \$142,871,728 in outstanding commitments on construction contracts.

NOTE 12 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

Chabot-Las Positas Community College District participates in public entity risk pool joint power agreements (JPAs), with Statewide Association of Community Colleges (SWACC), Statewide Educational Wrap Up Program ("SEWUP"), and Protected Insurance Program for Schools (PIPS). SEWUP provides financial administration, policy formulation, claim services, and other items necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of Owner Controlled Insurance Program protection for its members. This join program provides Worker's Compensation, Liability Coverage, Builder' Risk, Pollution, and Owner's Professional Protective Insurance (OPPI) for construction projects. SEWUP is designed to provide California Public Educational Agencies with the ability to maximize construction funds dedicated directly to building new and modernizing educational facilities, provide greater loss protection in the event of losses and minimize construction risk exposures through proactive risk-control services.

The District is a member in School Project for Utility Rate Reduction (SPURR), which is a California joint powers authority, whose members are California public K-12 school districts, community college districts and county offices of education. SPURR provides members access to the wholesale natural gas market that would otherwise be unavailable to them. The District is also a member of the California College Insurance Group (CCIG) in an effort to obtain the most cost-effective benefits for employees for dental and vision. The relationship between Chabot-Las Positas Community College District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of Chabot-Las Positas Community College District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 12 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS (Continued)

The JPAs are governed by boards consisting of a representative from each member district. The boards control the operations of the JPAs, including the selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member district beyond their representation on the governing board. SWACC provides property, liability and PIPS provides workers' compensation insurance. Chabot-Las Positas Community College District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage on any of these past three years.

Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPAs. The JPAs are independently accountable for their fiscal matters and maintain their own accounting records. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than that of the governing board.

Condensed financial information of the JPAs for the most recent year available is as follows:

	<u>Jı</u>	SWACC une 30,2021	SEWUP June 30,2021		<u>J</u>	PIPS lune 30,2021	SPURR June 30,2021		<u>Ju</u>	CCIG ne 30,2021
Total assets	\$	45,415,626	\$	53,043,624	\$	191,377,661	\$	16,877,341	\$	2,428,386
Total liabilities	\$	28,139,663	\$	49,535,686	\$	129,353,377	\$	10,143,820	\$	144,230
Net position	\$	17,275,963	\$	3,507,938	\$	62,024,284	\$	6,733,521	\$	2,284,156
Total revenues	\$	28,971,710	\$	27,523,268	\$	329,018,404	\$	44,881,409	\$	2,512,605
Total expenses	\$	26,134,637	\$	27,310,828	\$	309,066,485	\$	44,736,925	\$	2,233,647
Change in net position	\$	2,837,073	\$	212,440	\$	19,951,919	\$	144,484	\$	278,958

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Last IUTI	30	arrears					
Total OPEB liability	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
Service cost Interest Actuarial experience Change in assumptions	\$ 6,133,912 7,014,048 -	\$	6,302,595 6,679,330 - 3,210,649	\$ 7,015,022 7,003,476 (9,564,601) 54,219,712		7,226,236 5,533,260 - (107,392,262)	\$	2,504,290 9,332,529 (14,753,674)
Benefit payments	 (6,920,426)		(7,197,243)	 (7,377,725)	_	(7,355,717)	_	(7,742,506)
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,227,534		8,995,331	51,295,884		(101,988,483)		(10,659,361)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	 185,057,802		191,285,336	 200,280,667	_	251,576,551	_	149,588,068
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 191,285,336	\$	200,280,667	\$ 251,576,551	\$	149,588,068	\$	138,928,707
Plan fiduciary net position* Employer contributions Actual investment income Administrative expense Benefits payment					\$	1,000,000 - -	\$	11,742,506 (991,722) (39,835) (7,742,506)
Change in plan fiduciary net position						1,000,000		2,968,443
Fiduciary trust net position, beginning of year							_	1,000,000
Fiduciary trust net position, end of year					\$	1,000,000	\$	3,968,443
Net OPEB liability, ending	\$ 191,285,336	\$	200,280,667	\$ 251,576,551	\$	148,588,068	\$	134,960,264
Covered employee payroll	\$ 44,154,167	\$	35,128,792	\$ 36,770,553	\$	36,660,167	\$	35,220,791
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	433.22%		570.13%	684.18%		408.04%		394.45%
Discount rate	3.80%		3.50%	2.20%		6.35%		6.35%

* During the year ended June 30, 2021 the District signed an irrevocable trust (the "Trust") agreement. Prior to 2021, there was no fiduciary net position.

This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred one year prior. All years prior to 2018 are not available.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

State Teacher's Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.09%	0.09%	0.09%	0.08%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 46,908,000	\$ 53,340,000	\$ 62,382,000	\$ 74,159,000	\$ 80,022,000	\$ 76,423,000	\$ 82,410,000	\$ 34,408,000		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	28,326,000	28,211,000	35,516,000	43,872,000	45,817,000	41,694,000	45,037,000	20,472,000		
Total net pension liability	\$ 75,234,000	\$ 81,551,000	\$ 97,898,000	\$ 118,031,000	\$ 125,839,000	\$ 118,117,000	\$ 127,447,000	\$ 54,880,000		
District's covered payroll	\$ 35,753,000	\$ 36,774,000	\$ 38,439,000	\$ 43,616,000	\$ 47,641,000	\$ 48,259,000	\$ 49,342,000	\$ 49,869,000		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	131%	145%	162%	170%	168%	168%	167%	69%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.52%	79.43%	70.04%	69.00%	70.99%	72.56%	71.82%	87.21%		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred the year before. All years prior to 2015 are not available.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Public Employers Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.21%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.24%	0.23%	0.24%	0.24%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 24,207,000	\$ 32,476,000	\$ 43,464,000 \$	53,391,000 \$	63,146,000 \$	66,279,000 \$	73,193,000 \$	49,663,000		
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,346,000	\$ 24,392,000	\$ 26,402,000 \$	28,195,000 \$	31,249,000 \$	30,003,000 \$	34,382,000 \$	35,038,000		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	108%	133%	165%	189%	202%	221%	213%	142%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.38%	74.02%	73.89%	71.87%	70.85%	70.05%	70.00%	80.97%		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred the year before. All years prior to 2015 are not available.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,265,49	2 \$ 4,124,4	66 \$ 5,486,9	952 \$ 6,874,668	8 \$ 7,402,589	\$ 8,252,295	\$7,968,797	\$ 8,437,867
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,265,49	2 \$ 4,124,4	66 \$ 5,486,9	952 \$ 6,874,668	8 \$ 7,402,589	\$ 8,252,295	5 7,968,797	\$ 8,437,867
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,774,00	0 \$ 38,439,0	00 \$ 43,616,0	000 \$ 47,641,000	0 \$ 45,470,000	\$ 48,259,000	\$ 49,342,000	\$ 49,869,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.88%	10.73%	12.58%	14.43%	16.28%	17.10%*	16.15%**	16.92%***

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

* This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 18.13 percent under AB1469, reduced for the 1.03 percentage points to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

** This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent under AB1469, reduced for the 2.95 percentage points to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

*** This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent under AB1469, reduced for the 2.18 percentage points to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Public Employers Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>201</u>	<u>;</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,87	1,188 \$	3,127,817	\$ 3,915,740	\$ 4,853,298	\$ 5,419,198	\$ 6,780,391	\$ 7,252,881	\$ 8,000,380
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,87	1,188 \$	3,127,817	\$ 3,915,740	\$ 4,853,298	\$ 5,419,198	\$ 6,780,391	\$ 7,252,881	\$ 8,000,380
District's covered payroll	\$ 24,39	2,000 \$	26,402,000	\$ 28,195,000	\$ 31,249,000	\$ 30,003,000	\$ 34,382,000	\$ 35,038,000	\$ 34,921,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.77	%	11.85%	13.89%	15.53%	18.06%	19.72%	20.70%	22.91%

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE

<u>Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability</u>: The Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Net OPEB liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

<u>Schedule of the District's Contributions</u>: The Schedule of the District's contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

<u>Changes of Benefit Terms</u>: There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: The discount rate for Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) was 7.50, 7.65, 7.65, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15 and 7.15 percent in the June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 actuarial reports, respectively.

The following are the assumptions for State Teachers' Retirement Plan:

Measurement Period

Assumption	As of	As of	As of	As of	As of,	As of	As of
	June 30,	June 30,	June, 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Consumer price inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	7.60%	7.60%
Wage growth	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.75%	3.75%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Chabot-Las Positas Community College District was established on January 10, 1961, and commenced operations on September 11, 1961. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District's two main colleges are each accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges.

The Governing Board and District Administration for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were composed of the following members:

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Members Mr. Tim Sbranti Ms. Linda Granger Dr. Hal G. Gin Ms. Maria L. Heredia Dr. Luis Reynoso Mr. Harris Mojadedi

Office **Term Expires** President Secretary Member Member Member Member

2024

2026

2026

2024

2024

2024

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

Ronald P. Gerhard Chancellor

Jonah Nicholas Vice Chancellor, Business Services

Mr. Wyman M. Fong Vice Chancellor, Human Resources

Theresa Fleischer Rowland Vice Chancellor, Educational Services and Student Success

> **Owen Letcher** Vice Chancellor, Facilities and Bond Program

AUXILIARY ORGANIZATIONS IN GOOD STANDING

The Friends of Chabot College Foundation, established August 27, 2014 Master Agreement Revised March 19, 2019 Yvonne Wu Craig, Director

Las Positas College Foundation, established December 22, 2003 Master Agreement Revised March 15, 2010 Kenneth Cooper, Director

Las Positas College Viticulture and Enology Foundation (also DBA Campus Hill Winery), established April 13, 2018 Master Agreement Revised June 18, 2018 David Everett, President and ex-officio Director

> The Foundation for Chabot-Las Positas Community College District, established January 28, 2000 Master Agreement Revised February 15, 2000 Mr. Ronald Gerhard-President

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Programs:			
Student Financial Aid Cluster: Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Program (FSEOG)	84.007	P007A200315/P007A208030	\$ 504,002
Federal Work Study (FWS) Federal Pell Grants (PELL) Federal Direct Student Loans Financial Aid Admin Allowance	84.033 84.063 84.268 84.063	P033A200315/P033A208030 P063P201113/P063P204611 P268K211113/P268K214611 P063Q201113/P063Q204611	331,442 12,526,199 550,781 43,648
Subtotal Financial Aid Cluster			13,956,072
TRIO Cluster:			
Student Support Services Aspire Student Support Services ESL Excel Student Support Services STEM Talent Search	84.042A 84.042A 84.042A 84.044A	P042A151205 P042A151212 P042A151595 P044A160820	259,963 305,672 318,651 321,728
Subtotal TRIO Cluster			1,206,014
Title V Program: Title V - Higher Ed Institutional Aid	84.031S	P031S160212	103,751
Subtotal Title V Program			103,751
Education Stabilization Fund: COVID-19 HEERF Student Portion COVID-19 HEERF Institutional Portion COVID-19 HEERF Minority Serving Institution	84.425E 84.425F 84.425L	P425E204052/P425E204188 P425F203108/P425F203304 P425L200454/P425L200387	12,509,025 11,975,292 1,376,541
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund			25,860,858
Passed through California State University, East Bay: Promise Neighborhoods Child Cares Access Means Parents in School (CCAMPIS)	84.215N 84.335A	W1183-301 84-335A2019-1	387,300 119,284
Passed through California Community College Chancellor's Office:			,
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States Exito STEM Scholars Program Movement AA&PI Program Centers of Excellence for Veteran Student Success	84.048 84.031C 84.382B 84.116G	12-C01-007 P031C210170 P382B210021 P116G210027	1,042,407 58,017 113,241 <u>60,241</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			42,907,185
U.S Department of Labor			
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Cluster: Passed through Alameda County Workforce Investment Board: Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Worker			
Formula Grant (Tri Valley One Stop) TVCC-ACSSA CAREER & EMPL SERVICES	17.278 17.278	SSFPCP141501516 SSFPCP141501516	351,751 258,993
Subtotal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Cluster			610,744
Total U.S. Department of Labor			610,744

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ <u>Program or Cluster Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through California Department of Education: Early Childhood Mentor Program (CCDF Cluster)	93.575	CSPP2008/01-6131-00-1	\$ 2,666,048
Passed through California Community College Chancellor's Office: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster	93.558	-	83,804
Passed through Child, Family, and Community Services, Inc.: Head Start	93.600	-	138,681
Foster Care Programs: Passed through California Department of Social Services: Foster Care	93.658	16-IA-00577	111,543
Passed through Alameda County: Child, Family and Community Services - Foster Care - Pride and Care Programs	93.658	900035-10684-8146 10798-8322	314,054
Subtotal Foster Care Programs			425,597
Pass through City of Oakland U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - City of Oakland	93.569	20F3641	101,489
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,415,619
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through California Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	01-29262-1A	21,662
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			21,662
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Passed through United Way: Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) Program	21.009	2137	59,236
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			59,236
<u>U.S. National Science Foundation (R&D Cluster)</u> Scholarships STEM Total U.S. National Science Foundation programs (R&D Cluster)	47.076	DUE 1834193	<u> </u>
Total Federal Programs			\$ 47,321,869

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Revenues									Total
-		Cash	FIQ	Accounts	,	Deferred	-			Program
		Received*		Receivable		Income		<u>Total</u>	E	xpenditures
AB 19 Promise Grant	\$	1,960,281	\$	-	\$	644,084	\$	1,316,197	\$	1,787,951
Adult Education Block Grant	•	(1,718,908)		-	•	156,837		(1,875,745)		398,811
African American Male Education Network & Development		100,000		-		-		100,000		195,000
Apprenticeship Program		9,872		237,379		130,300		116,951		113,080
Associate Degree For Transfer		2,000,000				-		2,000,000		492,408
Cal Grants		1,422,555		956,904		213,295		2,166,164		2,596,334
Calfresh Outreach		-				16,876		(16,876)		23,118
California College Pathways		100,000		-		31,361		68,639		58,441
California Learning Lab		11,011		-		-		11,011		4,683
California School-Age Consortium		2,509		-		-		2,509		-
California Work Opportunity & Responsibility To Kids		451,664		-		22,787		428,877		466,430
California Microbusiness Covid-19 Relief Program		-		130,977				130,977		130,977
Campus Online Education		17,393		-		-		17,393		13,661
Campus Safety		-		_		-		-		12,044
Care Program		205,846		_		-		205,846		200,264
Career Technical Education		2,332		_		26,324		(23,992)		
Child Development		33,042		11,995		29,720		15,317		53,811
Classified Professionals Block Grant				-		342,889		(342,889)		167
College and Career Access Pathways		5,665		_		5,665		(042,000)		-
Community College Completion Grant		0,000		_		47,827		(47,827)		4,053
Cooperative Agencies Resources For Education				2,900		47,027		2,900		4,000
Covid Block Grant		-		2,300		-		2,300		636,702
Deputy Sector Navigator		-		-		-		-		88,594
Digital Innovation & Infrastructure		3,580,354		_		1,318,931		2,261,423		1,590,269
Disabled Students Programs & Services		1,328,510		_		416,371		912,139		1,562,885
Dream Resource Liaison Support		182,523		-		211,060		(28,537)		63,518
Early Childhood/Foster Care		828,148		- 513,517		26,255		1,315,410		1,267,675
Emergency Aid Funding		020, 140				20,235		1,313,410		71
Extended Opportunity Programs & Services		- 417,864		4,598		- 29,501		- 392,961		1,304,010
Financial Aid		1,973,696		7,796		147,300		1,834,192		2,027,801
First 5 - Early Childhood Development		25,595		7,790		147,300		25,595		1,115
Guided Pathways		(474,201)		- 14,290		-		(459,911)		431,983
Hunger Free Campus Support		(474,201)		14,290		-		(439,911)		34,821
Incarcerated Student Reentry Program		68,182		_				68,182		9
Industry-Driven Regional Collaboratives		210,563		-		-		210,563		33
Institutional Effectiveness Partnership Initiative		(20,152,476)		_		122,636		(20,275,112)		58,701
Instructional Equipment Block Grant		1,648,788		-		1,146,150		502,638		502,638
Lottery		2,170,795		- 521,040		775,014		1,916,821		665,632
Mathematics, Engineering, Science And Achievement		176,562		521,040		76,299		100,263		105,852
Mental Health Services		931,477		-		312,320		619,157		472,607
Nursing		108,944		-		512,520		108,944		108,944
6		2,260,145		-		- 1,844,308		415,837		376,522
Physical Plant & Instructional Support		2,200,145		-		30,031				7,344
Professional Development		-		-		'		(30,031)		
Staff Diversity Strong Workforce Brogram		258,333		-		235,085		23,248		74,014
Strong Workforce Program		(3,868,159)		1,584,461		2,261,743		(4,545,441)		3,573,619
Student Services Support		1,110,904		-		1,097,061		13,843		137,553
Student Equity & Achievement Program		(198,631)		22,849		3,335,553		(3,511,335)		7,216,055
Trivalley Education Collaborative		38,712		22,328		- 65 750		61,040 (65,750)		45,040
Trustee Fellowship		-		-		65,750		(65,750)		-
Umoja Program		(12,544,162)		-		2,221		(12,546,383)		260,390
Veterans Program		291,957		-		22,639	_	269,318		224,323
Total State Programs	\$	(15,022,315)	\$	4,031,034	\$	15,144,193	\$	(26,135,474)	\$	29,389,953

 * Cash received includes funds received in prior years.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF WORKLOAD MEASURES FOR STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT Annual Attendance as of June 30, 2022

<u>Categories</u>	Reported <u>Data</u>	Audit <u>Adjustments</u>	Revised <u>Data</u>
 A. Summer Intersession (Summer 2020 only) 1. Noncredit 2. Credit 	13 1,962	-	13 1,962
 B. Summer Intersession (Summer 2020) - Prior to July 1, 2021) 1. Noncredit 2. Credit 	-	-	-
C. Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession) 1. Census Procedure Courses a. Weekly Census Contact Hours b. Daily Census Contact Hours	2,208 235	-	2,208 235
2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses			
a. Noncredit b. Credit	87 373	-	87 373
 3. Independent Study/Work Experience a. Weekly Census Contact Hours b. Daily Census Contact Hours c. Noncredit Independent Study/ Distance Education Courses 	6,988 1,383 	- - -	6,988 1,383 -
D. Total FTES	13,249		13,249
Supplemental Information:			
E.In-Service Training Courses (FTES)	-	-	-
F. Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education a. Noncredit b. Credit	14 183	-	14 183
CCFS 320 Addendum			
CDCP	-	-	-
Centers FTES a. Noncredit b. Credit	-	- -	-

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT (CCFS-311) WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no adjustments proposed to any funds of the District.

	•	04 700 747	
General Fund Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	\$	21,789,717 76,784,717	
Cafeteria Fund		464	
Capital Outlay Fund		16,286,841	
Revenue Bond Construction Fund		172,135,236	
Other Enterprise Fund		3,097,544	
Self Insurance Fund		8,754,207	
Associated Students Trust Fund		616,413	
Student Representation Fee Trust Fund		88,948	
Financial Aid Fund		735,839 504,774	
Scholarship and Trust Fund		504,774	
Total Audited Fund Balances as reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report (CCFS-311)			300,794,700
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of			
net position are different because:			
Capital and leased assets used for governmental activities are not			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as			
assets in governmental funds. However, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation are added to total net assets.			
Total District capital and leased assets		610,625,817	
Less: enterprise fund capital assets		(2,364,086)	
			608,261,731
Losses on refundings of debt are categorized as deferred			
outflows and are amortized over the shortened life of the			
refunded or refunding of the debt.			21,325,497
In government funds, deferred outflows and inflows of			
resources relating to pensions are not reported because			
they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net			
position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating			
to pensions are reported (Notes 7, 8, & 9): Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions		28,449,247	
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions		(61,530,000)	
Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB		944,765	
Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB		(32,510,942)	
Ŭ		,	(64,646,930)
Unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is not recognized			(· · ·)
until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the			
government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in			
the period that it is incurred.			(10,440,183)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the			
funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of			
(Note 6): General Obligation Bonds		(805,595,000)	
Bond premiums		(56,661,641)	
Net pension liability		(84,071,000)	
Lease liability		(6,682,653)	
OPEB liability		(134,960,264)	
Compensated absences		(2,926,275)	
			(1,090,896,833)
Total net position - business-type activities			<u>\$ (235,602,018</u>)

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ECS 84362 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		AC	Activity (ECSA) ECS 84362 A tructional Salary Cos 0100-5900 & AC 611	10	Activity (ECSB) ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100-6799			
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised	
Academic Salaries Instructional salaries:	<u>Codes</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Data</u>	
Contract or regular	1100	\$ 24,819,394	\$-\$,,	\$ 24,819,394	\$-\$	24,819,394	
Other	1300	21,916,416	<u> </u>	21,916,416	21,916,416	<u> </u>	21,916,416	
Total instructional salaries		46,735,810	<u> </u>	46,735,810	46,735,810		46,735,810	
Non-instructional salaries:				-			-	
Contract or regular	1200	-	-	-	8,755,877	-	8,755,877	
Other	1400		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	524,756	<u> </u>	524,756	
Total non-instructional salaries		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		9,280,633	<u> </u>	9,280,633	
Total academic salaries		46,735,810		- 46,735,810	56,016,443	<u> </u>	- 56,016,443	
Classified Salaries Non-instructional salaries: Regular status	2100	_	-	-	21,170,139	-	- - - 21,170,139	
Other	2300				762,881		762,881	
Total non-instructional salaries					21,933,020	<u>-</u>	21,933,020	
Instructional aides:	0000	740.040		-	740.040		-	
Regular status Other	2200 2400	742,848 57,128	-	742,848	742,848 57,128	-	742,848	
Other	2400			57,128		<u> </u>	57,128	
Total instructional aides		799,976	<u> </u>	799,976	799,976		799,976	
Total classified salaries		799,976	<u> </u>	799,976	22,732,996		22,732,996	
Employee benefits	3000	17,789,733	-	17,789,733	33,912,935	-	33,912,935	
Supplies and materials	4000	-	-	-	1,074,119	-	1,074,119	
Other operating expenses	5000	-	-	-	11,525,806	-	11,525,806	
Equipment replacement	6420		<u> </u>	-			<u>-</u> -	
Total expenditures prior to exclusions		65,325,519	<u> </u>	65,325,519	125,262,299	<u> </u>	125,262,299	

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ECS 84362 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Activity (ECSA ECS 84362 A nstructional Salary C 0100-5900 & AC	Cost	Activity (ECSB) ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100-6799			
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised	
	<u>Codes</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Data</u>	
Exclusions								
Activities to exclude:								
Instructional staff-retirees' benefits and								
retirement incentives	5900	\$	- \$	- \$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	
Student health services above amount collected	6441		-		-	-	-	
Student transportation	6491		-		142,980	-	142,980	
Noninstructional staff-retirees' benefits and							-	
retirement incentives	6740		-		-	-	-	
Objects to exclude:								
Rents and leases	5060		-		16,263	-	16,263	
Lottery expenditures			-		-	-	-	
Academic salaries	1000		-		3,060,210	-	3,060,210	
Classified salaries	2000		-		-	-	-	
Employee benefits	3000		-		-	-	-	
Supplies and materials:								
Software	4100		-		-	-	-	
Books, magazines and periodicals	4200		-		-	-	-	
Instructional supplies and materials	4300		-		-	-	-	
Noninstructional supplies and materials	4400		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>				
Total supplies and materials			-		-	-	-	
Other operating expenses and services	5000		-					
Capital outlay	6000		-		-	-	-	
Library books	6300		-		-	-	-	
Equipment:								
Equipment - additional	6410		-		-	-	-	
Equipment - replacement	6420		-		-	-	-	
Total equipment		. <u></u>	-					
Total capital outlay			-		3,219,453	-	3,219,453	
Other outgo	7000							
Total exclusions	1000				2 210 452		2 210 452	
		<u> </u>	-		3,219,453		3,219,453	
Total for ECS 84362, 50% Law		\$ 65,325,51		- <u>\$ 65,325,519</u>	\$ 122,042,846		\$ 122,042,846	
Percent of CEE (instructional salary cost /Total CEE)		<u>53.53</u>	% <u>0.00</u> °	% <u>53.53</u> %			<u>100</u> %	
50% of current expense of education					\$ 61,021,423	\$-	\$ 61,021,423	

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT PROPOSITION 55 EDUCATION PROTECTION ACCOUNT (EPA) EXPENDITURE REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

EPA Proceeds:	\$ 34,167,693				
Activity Classification	Activity Code (0100-5900)	Salaries and Benefits (1000-3000)	Operating Expenses (4000-5000)	Capital Outlay	Total
Instructional Activities	<u>, </u>	<u>(1000-3000)</u> \$ 34,167,693	<u></u>	<u>(6000)</u> \$	<u>Total</u> - \$ 34,167,693
Instructional Activities	φ -	\$ 54,107,095	φ	Φ	- φ 34,107,093

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

<u>Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards</u>: The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Chabot-Las Positas Community College District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

<u>Schedule of State Financial Awards</u>: The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards includes State grant activity of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office.

<u>Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment</u>: Full-time equivalent students is a measurement of the number of students attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students based on various methods of accumulating attendance data.

<u>Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report (CCFS-311) with Audited Financial Statements:</u> This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the CCFS-311 to the audited financial statements.

<u>Reconciliation of Governmental funds to the Statement of Net Position</u>: This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances to the audited financial statements.

<u>Reconciliation of ECS 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation</u>: This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the 50 Percent Law Calculation reported on the CCFS-311 to the audited data.

<u>Proposition 55 Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report</u>: This schedule provides information about the District's EPA proceeds and summarizes how the EPA proceeds were spent.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Chabot-Las Positas Community College District Dublin, California

Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited Chabot-Las Positas Community College District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in Section 400 of the *California State Chancellor's Office's California Community College Contracted District Audit Manual (CDAM)* applicable to community colleges in the State of California for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Description

SCFF Data Management Control Environment SCFF Supplemental Allocation Metrics SCFF Success Allocation Metrics Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50 Percent Law) Apportionment for Activities Funded From Other Sources Student Centered Funding Formula Base Allocations: FTES Residency Determination for Credit Courses Students Actively Enrolled Dual Enrollment (CCAP) Scheduled Maintenance Program Gann Limit Calculation Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) Funds Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS) Proposition 1D and 51 State Bond Funded Projects **Education Protection Account Funds** Student Representation Fee **COVID-19 Response Block Grant Expenditures**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of the *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the *Contracted District Audit Manual* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's government programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Contracted District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the government program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Contracted District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Contracted District Audit Manual*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 5, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Chabot-Las Positas Community College District Dublin, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the business-type activities and the fiduciary activities of Chabot-Las Positas Community College District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 5, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Chabot-Las Positas Community College District Dublin, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Chabot-Las Positas Community College District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Chabot-Las Positas Community College District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Chabot-Las Positas Community College District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Chabot-Las Positas Community College District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 5, 2022

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not		Yes	X	No	
considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes	X	_None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not		Yes	X	No	
considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes	X	_None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:		Yes	X	No	
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
84.425E, 84.425F, 84.425L	COVID-19: CARES - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF)				
84.042A, 84.044A	TRIO Cluster				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:			\$ 1,419,656	3	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	Yes		_No	
STATE AWARDS					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

CHABOT-LAS POSITAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.